# Adjectives in $-o\varsigma - \eta - ov$ : Notes and Exercises



## Declension of σοφός:

| Case     | 'wise' (m.) | 'wise' (f.) | 'wise' (n.) |
|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| nom.     | σοφός       | σοφή        | σοφόν       |
| acc.     | σοφόν       | σοφήν       | σοφόν       |
| gen.     | σοφοῦ       | σοφῆς       | σοφοῦ       |
| dat.     | σοφῷ        | σοφῆ        | σοφῷ        |
|          |             |             |             |
| nom. pl. | σοφοί       | σοφαί       | σοφά        |
| acc. pl. | σοφούς      | σοφάς       | σοφά        |
| gen. pl. | σοφῶν       | σοφῶν       | σοφῶν       |
| dat. pl. | σοφοῖς      | σοφαῖς      | σοφοῖς      |

## Other common adjectives in $-o\varsigma - \eta - ov$ :

πόσος, πόση, πόσον;

| άγαθός –ή –όν            | good                        |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| δεινός –ή –όν            | terrible, strange, clever   |
| έτοῖμος –η –ον           | ready                       |
| κακός –ή –όν             | bad, wicked, cowardly       |
| καλός –ή –όν             | beautiful, handsome, fine   |
| μόνος –η –ον             | alone, only                 |
| όλίγος −η −ον            | little, few                 |
| πιστός –ή –όν            | faithful, reliable          |
| ὑψηλός –ή –όν            | high                        |
| χαλεπός –ή –όν           | difficult, dangerous, harsh |
| χρήσιμος –η –ον          | useful                      |
|                          |                             |
| έμός, ἐμή, ἐμόν          | my                          |
| σός, σή, σόν             | your                        |
|                          |                             |
| πρῶτος –η –ον            | first                       |
| τρίτος –η –ον            | third                       |
| τέταρτος –η –ον          | fourth                      |
| πέμπτος –η –ον           | fifth                       |
|                          |                             |
| ἕκαστος, ἑκάστη, ἕκαστοv | each                        |

how big? how much?

## Declension of ἰσχυρός:

| Case     | 'strong'(m.) | 'strong' (f.) | 'strong' (n.) |
|----------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| nom.     | ἰσχυρός      | ἰσχυρά        | ἰσχυρόν       |
| acc.     | ἰσχυρόν      | ἰσχυράν       | ἰσχυρόν       |
| gen.     | ἰσχυροῦ      | ἰσχυρᾶς       | ἰσχυροῦ       |
| dat.     | ἰσχυρῷ       | ἰσχυρᾶ        | ἰσχυρῷ        |
|          |              |               |               |
| nom. pl. | ἰσχυροί      | ἰσχυραί       | ἰσχυρά        |
| acc. pl. | ἰσχυρούς     | ἰσχυράς       | ἰσχυρά        |
| gen. pl. | ἰσχυρῶν      | ἰσχυρῶν       | ἰσχυρῶν       |
| dat. pl. | ἰσχυροῖς     | ἰσχυραῖς      | ἰσχυροῖς      |

## Other common adjectives in $-o\varsigma -\alpha -ov$ :

ποῖος, ποία, ποῖον;

| 'Αθηναῖος –α –ον      | Athenian                    |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| αἰσχρός –ά –όν        | shameful, ugly, disgraceful |
| αἴτιος −α −ον (+gen.) | responsible for, guilty of  |
| άνδρεῖος −α −ον       | brave, manly                |
| ἄξιος −α −ον (+gen.)  | worthy of, deserving        |
| δίκαιος –α –ον        | just, fair, upright         |
| έλεύθερος –α –ον      | free                        |
| έχθρός –ά –όν         | hostile                     |
| ίερός −ά −όν          | sacred, holy                |
| μικρός –ά –όν         | little, small               |
| μῶρος –α –ον          | foolish, stupid             |
| νέος –α –ον           | new, young, recent          |
| πλούσιος –α –ον       | rich                        |
| ῥάδιος −α −ον         | easy                        |
| φίλιος –α –ον         | friendly                    |
|                       |                             |
| ἡμέτερος –α –ον       | our                         |
| ὑμέτερος –α –ον       | your                        |
|                       |                             |
| δεύτερος –α –ον       | second                      |
|                       |                             |
|                       |                             |

what sort of?

## **Practice Sentences**

| 1. | οί σοφοί ναῦται είς τὴν ἀγορὰν τὴν νεὰν τρέχουσιν.  |
|----|---|
| 2. | αἱ ἰσχυραὶ κόραι τὸν κακὸν κριτὴν διώκουσιν.        |
|    |   |
| 3. | έκ τῆς χαλεπῆς νήσου ἐκφεύγουσιν στρατιῶται ὀλίγοι. |
| 4. | παρέχω δεύτερον δεῖπνον τῷ ἐμῷ πιστῷ φίλῳ.          |
|    |   |
| 5. | τὰ σὰ δένδρα ἐστὶ χρήσιμα ἀλλὰ αἰσχρά.              |
| 6. | πόσαι κῶμαι ἐν τῆ χώρα τῆ ἡμετέρα εἰσίν;            |
| 7. | αἰσχρόν ἐστιν ἀποκτείνειν τοὺς δικαίους.            |
| 8. | ἡ ὑμετέρα φίλη μόνη ἀξία ἐστὶ δώρου τρίτου.         |
|    |   |

Once you have had a go at the sentences, please scroll down to the next page to check your answers.

#### **Key to Practice Sentences**

- 1. The wise sailors are running into the new marketplace.
- 2. The strong girls are chasing the wicked judge.
- 3. Few soldiers escape from the dangerous island.
- 4. I am providing a second feast for my faithful friend.
- 5. Your trees are useful, but ugly.
- 6. How many villages are there in our land?
- 7. It is shameful to kill the just.
- 8. Your friend alone is worthy of a third gift.

Remember that these are just one of many correct ways of phrasing the translations. The most important thing for this exercise is to check that you have matched each adjective to the correct noun.